

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

IUPAC Name:	(1-heptyl-1H-indol-3-yl)(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)methanone
CFR:	Not Scheduled (7/2013)
CAS#:	Not Available
Synonyms:	UR-144 N-heptyl analog
Source:	DEA Reference Material Collection
Appearance:	White powder
Kovat's Index:	Pending
UV_{max}(nm):	Not Determined

2. CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL DATA

2.1 CHEMICAL DATA

Form	Chemical Formula	Molecular Weight	Melting Point (°C)
Base	C ₂₃ H ₃₃ NO	339	73.7

3. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

No resources identified as of 8/26/13.

4. QUALITATIVE DATA

4.1 NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE

Method NMR CDCl₃

Sample Preparation: Dilute analyte to ~10 mg/mL in CDCl₃ containing TMS for 0 ppm reference and dimethylfumarate as quantitative internal standard.

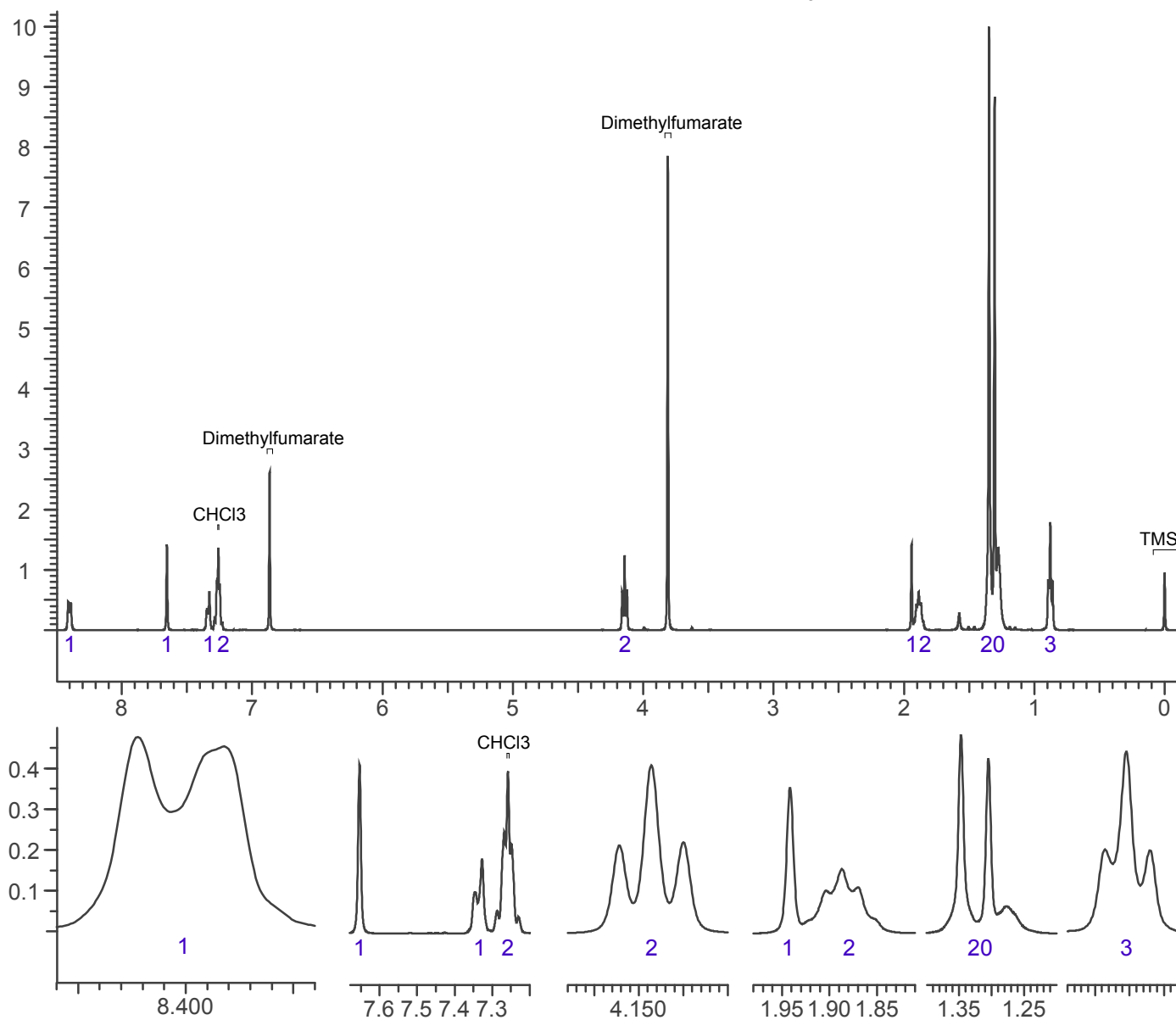
Instrument: 400 MHz NMR spectrometer

Parameters: Spectral width: at least containing -3 ppm through 13 ppm

Pulse angle: 90°

Delay between pulses: 45 seconds

¹H NMR: Heptyl-UR-144 Lot # ALB 214-17; CDCl₃; 400 MHz



4.2 Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry

Sample Preparation: Dilute analyte ~1 mg/mL in 9:1 CHCl₃/MeOH.

Instrument: Agilent gas chromatograph operated in split mode with MS detector

Column: DB-1 MS (or equivalent); 30m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 μm

Carrier Gas: Helium at 1 mL/min

Temperatures:

Injector: 280°C

MSD transfer line: 280°C

MS Source: 230°C

MS Quad: 150°C

Oven program:

1) 100°C initial temperature for 1.0 min

2) Ramp to 300°C at 12 °C/min

3) Hold final temperature for 9.0 min

Injection Parameters:

Split Ratio = 20:1, 1 μL injected

MS Parameters:

Mass scan range: 30-550 amu

Threshold: 100

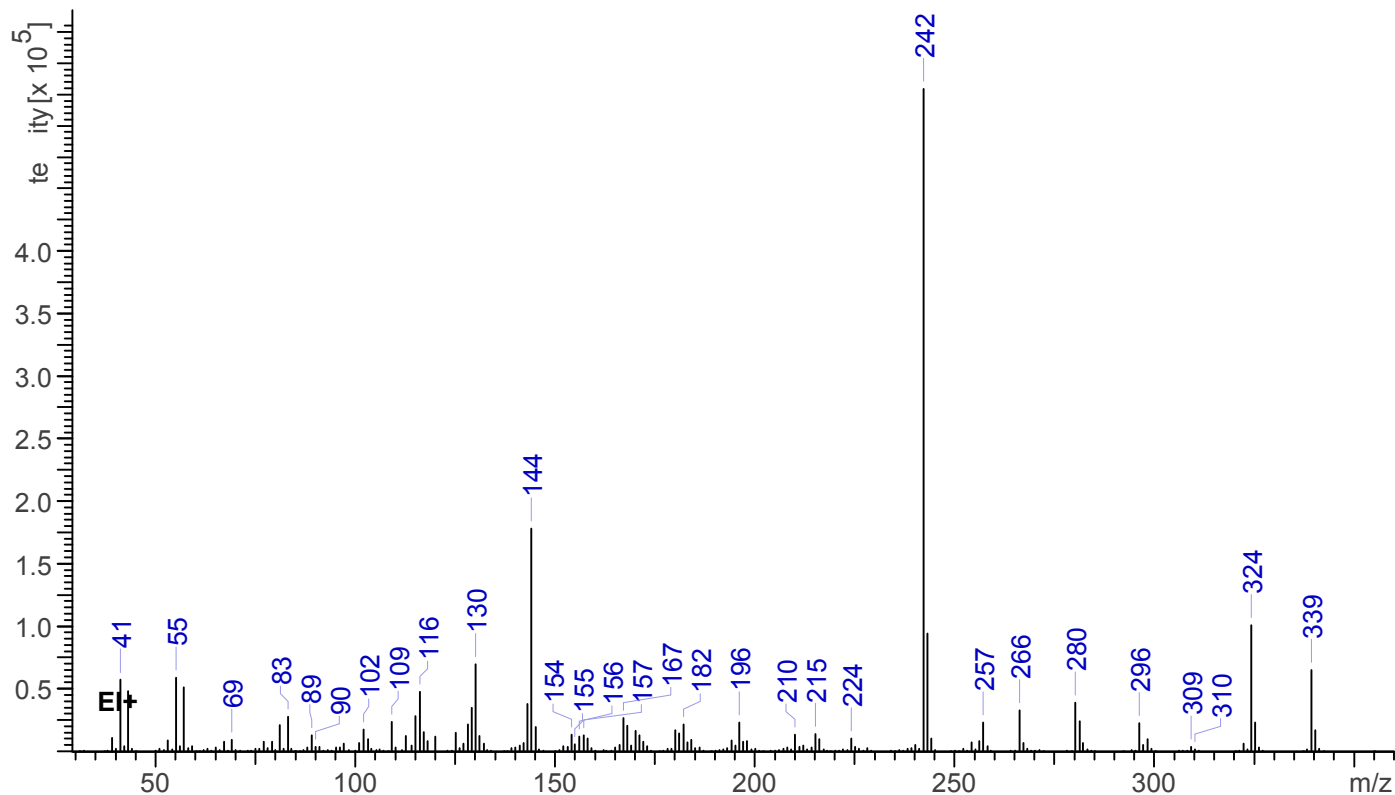
Tune file: stune.u

Acquisition mode: scan

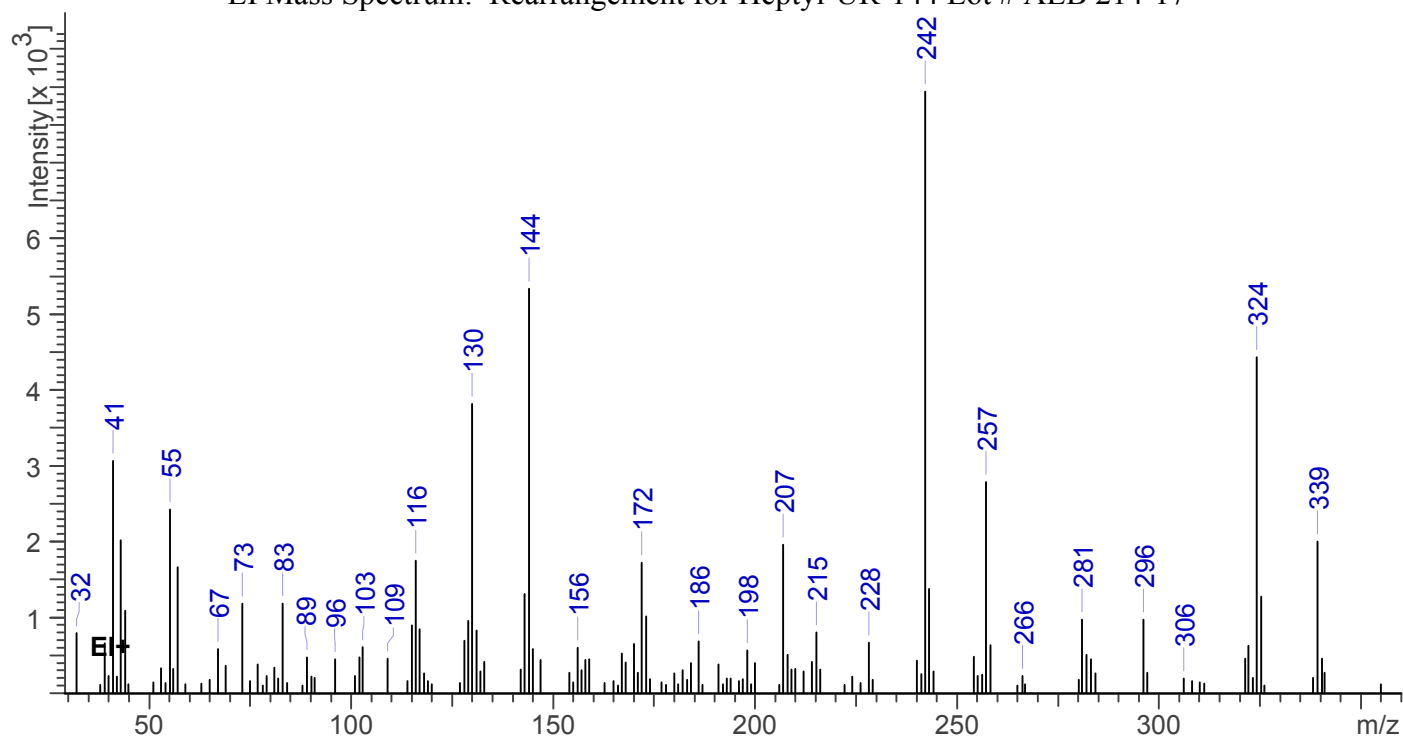
Retention Time:

Heptyl-UR-144: 16.87 min; Rearrangement: 17.05 min

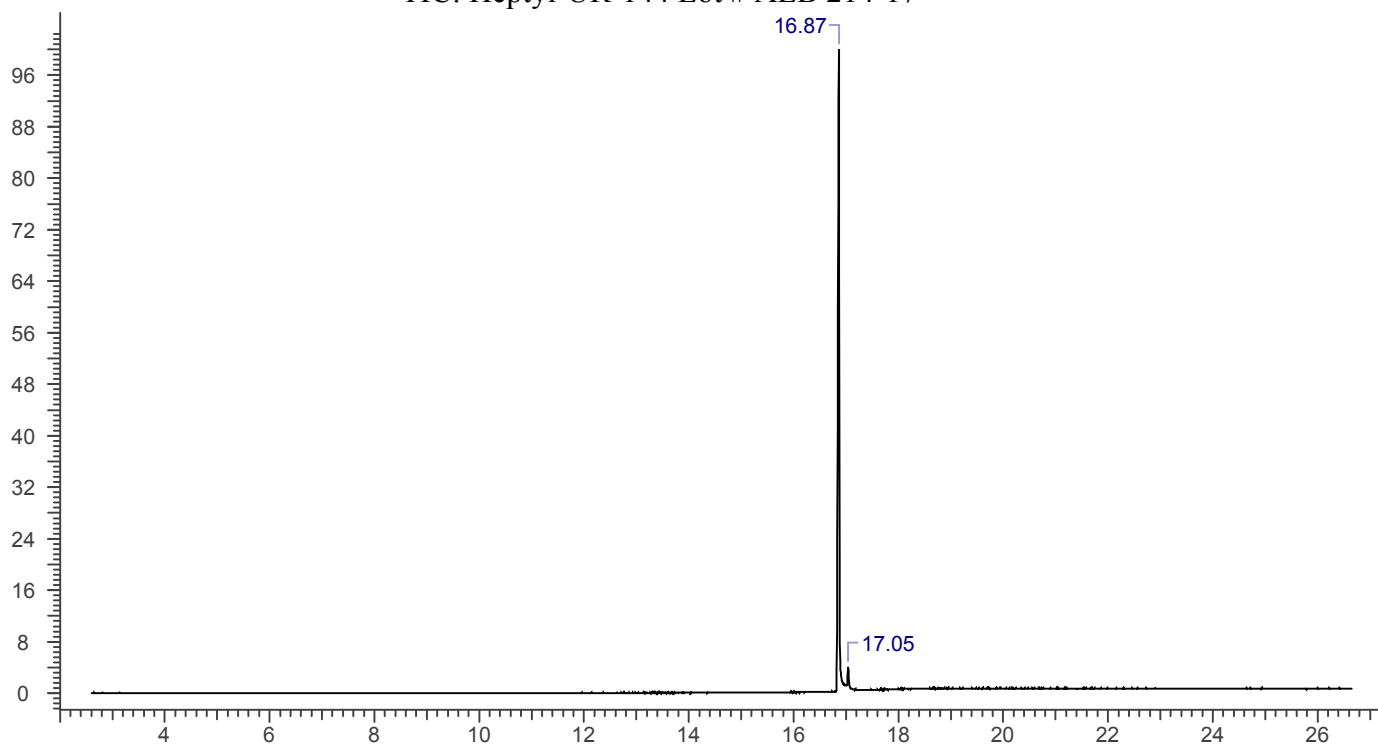
EI Mass Spectrum: Heptyl-UR-144 Lot # ALB 214-17



EI Mass Spectrum: Rearrangement for Heptyl-UR-144 Lot # ALB 214-17



TIC: Heptyl-UR-144 Lot # ALB 214-17



GC/MS Analytical Observation:

The GC/MS TIC of Heptyl-UR-144 shows two peaks with similar mass spectra (shown above). The major peak, having a retention time of 16.87 minutes, is Heptyl-UR-144 while the other peak, with a retention time of 17.05 minutes, is a thermally induced rearrangement product of Heptyl-UR-144. This rearrangement product is an artifact induced by the high temperatures of the GC injection port.

4.3 INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY (FTIR)

Instrument: FTIR with diamond ATR attachment (3 bounce)

Scan Parameters: Number of scans: 32
Number of background scans: 32
Resolution: 4 cm⁻¹
Sample gain: 8
Aperture: 150

FTIR ATR (Diamond, 3 Bounce): Heptyl-UR-144 Lot # ALB 214-17

